

S. F. Bank Clearings

1940	\$ 7,773,877,000
1941	9,548,190,000
1942	11,336,876,000
1943	13,267,105,000
1944	14,834,954,000
1945	15,743,541,000

S. F. Bank Debits

\$10,095,002,000
11,917,685,000
13,996,130,000
17,489,513,000
19,669,361,000
21,248,370,000

Bank Clearings—1944

New York City	\$286,348,000,000
Philadelphia	33,028,000,000
Chicago	25,710,000,000
Boston	19,071,000,000
Detroit	18,288,000,000
San Francisco	14,834,000,000

Building and Loan Association Assets

There were twelve associations, six state and six federal, in San Francisco in December, 1942.

December, 1939	\$65,463,637
December, 1940	62,921,198
December, 1941	67,117,430
December, 1942	67,170,209
December, 1943	60,271,713*

Deposits and Resources—San Francisco Banks

	Time Deposits	Demand Deposits
12-31-38	\$1,515,423,628	\$1,179,609,061
12-31-39	1,514,591,894	1,317,168,861
12-31-40	1,584,043,000	1,525,482,000
12-31-41	1,651,486,000	1,842,890,000
12-31-42	1,722,131,300	2,722,358,440
12-31-43	2,060,477,734	3,682,042,628
12-31-44	2,555,747,234	4,356,769,224

	Total Deposits	Resources
12-31-38	\$2,695,132,689	\$2,982,907,202
12-31-39	2,831,760,755	3,112,173,475
12-31-40	3,109,525,000	3,434,606,000
12-31-41	3,494,376,000	3,819,965,000
12-31-42	4,444,489,740	4,771,184,723
12-31-43	5,742,520,362	6,085,920,409
12-31-44	6,912,516,458	7,350,974,441

Postal Receipts

1939	\$ 9,939,027	1943	\$17,498,351
1940	9,969,367	1944	35,441,358
1941	10,529,683	1945	50,818,124
1942	11,662,103		

Individual Incomes in San Francisco

1939	\$763,480,000	1942	\$1,206,131,000
1940	774,000,000	1943	1,509,612,000
1941	917,000,000	1944	1,611,240,000

**Insurance Premiums and Assessments
All Groups in California**

1940	\$414,591,335
1941	455,697,970
1942	482,547,063
1943*	537,640,820

PUBLIC BUILDINGS

First comes the group in the Civic Center, declared by the Duke of Connaught to be the finest thing of its kind in the world. The group consists: (1) City Hall, of classic design, surmounted by an immense dome, higher than the dome of the Capitol at Washington; cost, \$4,000,000. (2) Exposition Auditorium, seating capacity of 12,000 in the main audito-

rium, with numerous small halls; cost, \$2,000,000. (3) San Francisco Public Library; cost, \$1,500,000. (4) State Building; cost, \$1,000,000. (5) War Memorial group of buildings, as a part of Civic Center; cost, \$4,000,000, consisting of civic opera house, American Legion halls, etc. A Federal Building; cost, \$3,000,000.

California Palace of the Legion of Honor, in Lincoln Park, overlooking the Golden Gate, is a replica of the Palace of the Legion of Honor in Paris. It was presented to the city. The structure cost \$2,000,000. United States Mint, located at Market street and Duboce avenue, built in 1937; Post Office Building, corner of Seventh and Mission streets; Ferry Building, at the foot of Market street on the waterfront, built by the State in 1896 at a cost of \$1,000,000. It is 659 feet long and 156 feet wide, and in addition to serving as a ferryboat terminal, contains many State offices. The Customs House and United States Appraiser's Building will represent an expenditure of more than \$4,000,000. In Golden Gate Park are located the De Young Memorial Museum, Academy of Sciences, Steinhart Aquarium, Museum of Anthropology. At Kearny and Washington streets is the Hall of Justice, erected in 1910 at a cost of \$1,000,000, containing police courts and the criminal department of the superior court. The Golden Gate Bridge cost \$35,000,000, was completed early in 1937 and opened to traffic in May, 1937, and the San Francisco-Oakland Bay Bridge, at a cost of \$78,000,000, was opened to vehicular traffic November 12, 1936. San Francisco East Bay Terminal (at Mission and First streets) is a \$2,000,000 structure opened to interurban train service January 15, 1939. The \$2,730,000 Rincon Annex Post Office was opened in 1940.

PARKS

San Francisco is noted for its beautiful and extensive parks. There are 50 parks and 150 recreational units, with a total acreage of 4425, others are under development. In addition to the municipal parks, the several government reservations, the largest of which is the Presidio, comprising 1542 acres, all go toward augmenting the aggregate area of the city parks. The area given does not include the numerous golf courses in and about the city. More than \$15,000,000 has been expended on municipal parks since 1870. All of San Francisco's parks are "man-made." Originally only sand dunes marked the spots where today are gardens of rarest flowers, shrubs and giant trees. Even lakes, streams, waterfalls, hills, valleys and dales were worked out by man, to say nothing of the miles of walks, bridge paths and boulevards traversing the parks. Golden Gate Park is one of the world's most noted playgrounds. It comprises 1013 acres and is about 3 miles long and a half-mile wide, extending from Stanyan street on the east to the Pacific Ocean on the west and lies in the midst of San Francisco's choice residential districts.

In the park are many museums, monuments, an aviary, aquarium, music temple, stadium, tennis courts, baseball grounds, football grounds, trotting and packing horse track, athletic field and running track paddocks, and children's playgrounds. There are more than 25 miles of improved driveways in the park. Wild animals of many species are to be seen, while every bird and squirrel known to California roams or flies at will through the dense woods and shrubbery. At the western end of the park is to be seen the sloop "Gjoa," the only vessel that ever navigated the Northwest Passage, and which was given to San Francisco by its owner and explorer, Captain Roald Amundsen, discoverer of the South Pole also; the gift was accepted by San Francisco June 16, 1909. The ship was hauled upon the beach and is protected by a high iron fence.

*One company made a surplus adjustment in excess of \$13,000,000 during year.

*Life insurance in force in California rose from 5,419,655 policies for \$6,970,742,000 in 1942 to 6,128,000 policies for \$8,400,000,000 in 1943.