

SCHOOL CENSUS—1863.

DISTRICTS.....	No. of Children between 4 and 18 years of age.....	No. of Children between 18 and 21 years of age.....	No. of Children between 4 and 6 years of age.....	No. of Children born in California.....	No. of Children attending Public Schools.....	No. of Children attending Private Schools.....	No. of Children not attending schools.....	TOTAL.....
1st....	868	585	29	224	953	316	235	1,482
2d....	2,609	1,492	125	818	2,721	879	965	4,226
3d....	337	258	12	102	369	107	75	608
4th....	838	414	38	264	832	296	237	1,290
5th....	213	144	11	71	227	46	98	368
6th....	672	352	56	214	657	210	170	1,080
7th....	810	528	64	179	779	232	292	1,402
8th....	1,497	1,008	27	84	762	405	366	1,602
9th....	1,786	1,122	54	152	1,536	510	437	2,962
10th....	3,907	2,593	327	812	3,942	1,202	1,327	6,827
11th....	2,033	927	156	203	1,421	601	288	3,116
12th....	638	321	52	49	456	291	70	1,011
Totals..	16,208	9,744	952	3,172	14,655	5,155	4,552	26,904

Total number of blind children..... 29  
 Total number of deaf and dumb children..... 32  
 Total number of colored children..... 234  
 Total number of Chinese children..... 117

Private Educational Institutions.

While the flourishing condition of our Public Schools—those “People’s Colleges,” as they have been aptly styled—is a source of congratulation to every one interested in the well-being of society and the welfare of the State, the Private Educational Institutions of our city reflect the highest credit upon the parties by whom they have been established and conducted as well as upon the community by which they have been so liberally supported. To the credit of San Francisco be it said, that no city of a like population in the world can boast a more liberal supply of first-class private institutions for the training of youth. While everything belonging to California is conducive to the highest degree of physical development, it is creditable to her citizens that nothing has been neglected that can minister to the greatest intellectual attainment. If there are those who labor under the erroneous opinion that a love of gain is the ruling passion of our people, the flourishing educational institutions which are to be found everywhere around us are the best refutation of so fallacious an idea.

The following statistics of the number of private schools in San Francisco will conclusively show the truth of the statements we have made in this connection. The whole number of these schools is eighty-two, and the aggregate attendance upon the same is 5,596.\* Of these, eleven are conducted by the Catholic denomination, the aggregate attendance upon which is 3,424. Thirteen of these schools are located in the Second District; one in the Third; six in the Fourth; six in the Sixth; three in the

\* The returns of the School Census are 4,552. Our figures have been obtained from the returns made to this office, of the various private educational institutions in this city, and they may be regarded as a fair approximation to the actual number.—COMPILER.

Seventh; fourteen in the Eighth; nine in the Ninth; twenty in the Tenth; nine in the Eleventh; and one in the Twelfth.

In enumerating the principal private schools, as the most numerous, largely attended, and amply provided for, we commence our summary with the

CATHOLIC SCHOOLS.

ST. IGNATIUS COLLEGE.

This well-known literary institution, located on Market Street between Fourth and Fifth, which is conducted by the Fathers of the Society of Jesus was first opened for the reception of students on the 15th day of October, 1855, and was incorporated under the law of the State on the 30th of April, 1859, and empowered to confer the usual degrees and academical honors. Since its commencement this institution has been attended with the highest degree of prosperity and success. The course of instruction pursued is thorough and comprises a complete Classical, Mathematical, and Philosophical course of training calculated to prepare the pupil for entering upon the study of any of the professions or commencing any business avocation. The College is provided with an extensive laboratory, comprising all the necessary appliances for the assaying of metals and making chemical analyses, which is an important feature not generally found in institutions of this character—a spacious building has been erected for a photographic gallery where all the departments of the Daguerreian Art will be practiced and taught. There is a telegraphic room, with an instrument in operation, connecting with a similar station at the Santa Clara College—the use of the California State Line having been granted for this purpose—where the business of operating is taught, forming another novel and important educational feature.

The founders of this institution foreseeing the rapid progress of the Queen City of the Pacific, purchased some years since the property upon which the magnificent College edifice has since been erected. This lot has a frontage of two hundred and seventy-five feet on Market, and the same on Jessie Street, with a depth of three hundred and fifty feet. The College building at present consists of a center and two wings, one of which is one hundred and five feet by fifty-six, and the other in which is the College Hall—used temporarily as the Church, until that building shall be erected in another portion of the grounds—is one hundred and seventy by sixty feet. The present building, the cost of which independent of the lot was \$120,000, although one of the finest architectural ornaments of the city is only one-third of the extent contemplated. When the extensive additions are made the entire structure will rival anything of the kind to be found in our portion of the country. The present building is admirably adapted to the purposes for which it was designed, being abundantly lighted and well ventilated in every portion; the ceilings are lofty, and spacious halls run through the building. A large play-ground is attached with a commodious shelter from the rain, affording ample means for the physical exercise of the pupils. In fact, nothing has been neglected which is at all conducive to mental and physical training. The number of students in the College at present is four hundred.

The following are the officers and professors of this Institution:

Rev. N. Congiato, S.J., President; Rev. A. Afranchino, S.J., Professor; Rev. C. Barelli, S.J., Prefect of Studies; Rev. J. M. C. Buchard, S.J., St. Ignatius’ Church; Rev. A. Cichi, S.J., Professor; Rev. A. Maraschi, S.J., Treasurer; Rev. B. Picardo, S.J., Professor; Rev. P. Raffo, S.J., St. Ignatius’ Church; Rev. M. O’Reilly, Professor; Rev. J. Tadini, S.J.,